TOSHIBA CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

# TC74VCXR162646FT

Low-Voltage 16-Bit Bus Transceiver/Register with 3.6-V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs

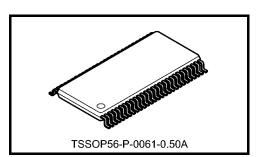
The TC74VCXR162646FT is a high-performance CMOS 16-bit bus transceiver/register. Designed for use in 1.8-V, 2.5-V or 3.3-V systems, it achieves high-speed operation while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

It is also designed with overvoltage tolerant inputs and outputs up to 3.6 V.

This device is bus transceiver with 3-state outputs, D-type flip-flops, and control circuitry arranged for multiplexed transmission of data directly from the internal registers.

The 26- $\Omega$  series resistor helps reducing output overshoot and undershoot without external resistor.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge.



Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)

#### Features (Note)

- $26 \cdot \Omega$  series resistors on outputs
- Low-voltage operation:  $V_{CC}$  = 1.8 to 3.6 V
- High-speed operation :  $t_{pd}$  = 3.8 ns (max) (V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 to 3.6 V)
  - $: t_{pd} = 4.9 \text{ ns} (max) (V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ to } 2.7 \text{ V})$
  - :  $t_{pd}$  = 9.8 ns (max) (V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V)
- Output current:  $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 12 \text{ mA} \text{ (min)} (V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V})$ 
  - $: I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 8 \text{ mA} \text{ (min)} (V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V})$
  - $: I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 4 \text{ mA} \text{ (min)} (V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V})$
- Latch-up performance: -300 mA
- ESD performance: Machine model  $\geq \pm 200$  V

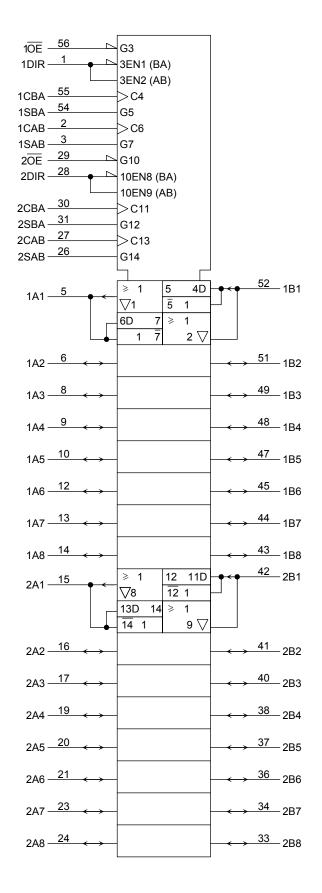
Human body model  $\geq \pm 2000 \text{ V}$ 

- Package: TSSOP
- Bidirectional interface between 2.5 V and 3.3 V signals.
- 3.6-V tolerant function and power-down protection provided on all inputs and outputs
  - Note: Do not apply a signal to any bus pins when it is in the output mode. Damage may result. All floating (high impedance) bus pins must have their input level fixed by means of pull-up or pull-down resistors.

#### Pin Assignment (top view)

1DIR	1	0	56	10E
1CAB	2		55	1CBA
1SAB	3		54	1SBA
GND	4		53	GND
1A1	5		52	1B1
1A2	6		51	1B2
V <sub>CC</sub>	7		50	V <sub>CC</sub>
1A3	8		49	1B3
1A4	9		48	1B4
1A5	10		47	1B5
GND	11		46	GND
1A6	12		45	1B6
1A7	13		44	1B7
1A8	14		43	1B8
2A1	15		42	2B1
2A2	16		41	2B2
2A3	17		40	2B3
GND	18		39	GND
2A4	19		38	2B4
2A5	20		37	2B5
2A6	21		36	2B6
V <sub>CC</sub>	22		35	V <sub>CC</sub>
2A7	23		34	2B7
2A8	24		33	2B8
GND	25		32	GND
2SAB	26		31	2SBA
2CAB	27		30	2CBA
2DIR	28		29	20E
			l	

#### **IEC Logic Symbol**



## <u>TOSHIBA</u>

#### Truth Table

		Contro	l Inputs			B	us	Function	
ŌĒ	DIR	CAB	CBA	SAB	SBA	А	В	Function	
		X*	X*	х	х	Input	Input	The output functions of A and B Busses are	
н	х	~	^	~	~	Z	Z	disabled.	
	^			х	х	х	х	Both A and B Busses are used as inputs to the internal flip-flops. Data on the Bus will be stored on the rising edge of the Clock.	
						Input	Output		
		X*	X*	L	х	L	L	The data on the A bus are displayed on the B bus.	
						н	Н		
		↑	X*		~	L	L	The data on the A bus are displayed on the	
L	Н		Χ*	L	Х	Н	Н	B Bus, and are stored into the A storage flip-flops on the rising edge of CAB.	
		X*	X*	Н	х	х	Qn	The data in the A storage flop-flops are displayed on the B Bus.	
						L	L	The data on the A Bus are stored into the A	
			X*	H	Х	н	Н	storage flip-flops on the rising edge of CAB, and the stored data propagate directly onto the B Bus.	
						Output	Input		
		X*	X*	х	L	L	L	The data on the B Bus are displayed on the A bus.	
						Н	Н		
		X*		х	L	L	L	The data on the B Bus are displayed on the	
L	L	<b>^</b> .		^	L	н	Н	A Bus, and are stored into the B storage flip-flops on the rising edge of CBA.	
		X*	X*	х	н	Qn	х	The data in the B storage flip-flops are displayed on the A Bus.	
			•			L	L	The data on the B Bus are stored into the B	
		Х*		Х	Н	Н	Н	storage flip-flops on the rising edge of CBA, and the stored data propagate directly onto the A Bus.	

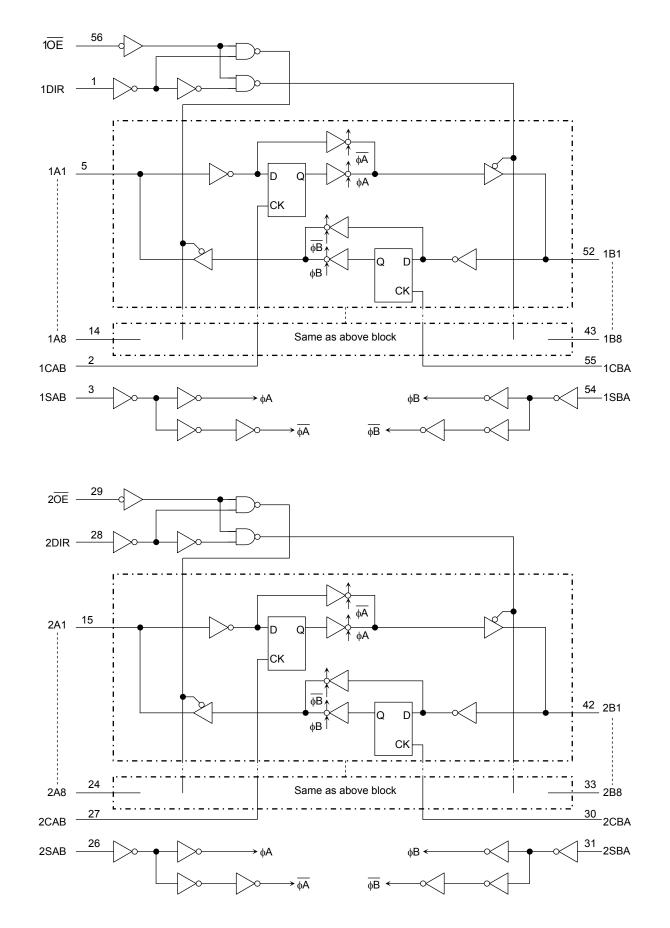
X: Don't care

Z: High impedance

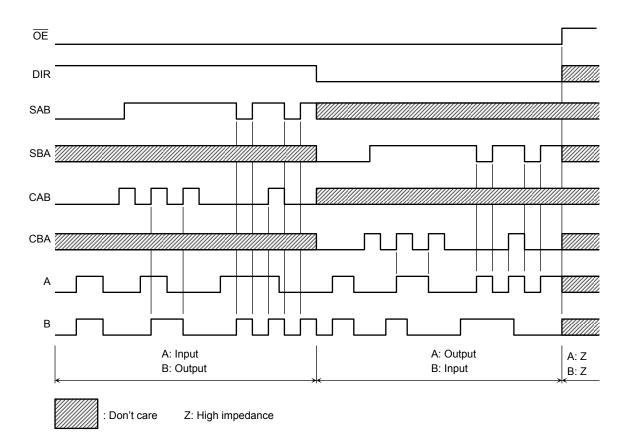
Qn: The data stored into the internal flip-flops by most recent low to high transition of the clock inputs.

\*: The clocks are not internally with either  $\overline{OE}$  or DIR. Thefore, data on the A and/or B busses may be clocked into the storage flip-flops at any time.

#### System Diagram



#### **Timing Chart**



#### Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.5 to 4.6	V
DC input voltage (DIR, OE, CAB, CBA, SAB, SBA)	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.5 to 4.6	V
		-0.5 to 4.6 (Note 2)	
DC bus I/O voltage	V <sub>I/O</sub>	–0.5 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
		(Note 3)	
Input diode current	I <sub>IK</sub>	-50	mA
Output diode current	IOK	±50 (Note 4)	mA
DC output current	IOUT	±50	mA
Power dissipation	PD	400	mW
DC $V_{CC}/\text{ground}$ current per supply pin	I <sub>CC</sub> /I <sub>GND</sub>	±100	mA
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	–65 to 150	°C

Note 1: Exceeding any of the absolute maximum ratings, even briefly, lead to deterioration in IC performance or even destruction.

Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings and the operating ranges.

Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

#### Note 2: OFF state

Note 3: High or low state. IOUT absolute maximum rating must be observed.

Note 4:  $V_{OUT} < GND, V_{OUT} > V_{CC}$ 

#### **Operating Ranges (Note 1)**

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	1.8 to 3.6	V
i ower supply voltage	vcc	1.2 to 3.6 (Note 2)	v
Input voltage (DIR, OE, CAB, CBA, SAB, SBA)	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3 to 3.6	V
Bus I/O voltage	V <sub>I/O</sub>	0 to 3.6 (Note 3)	V
Bus i/O voltage	VI/O	0 to $V_{CC}$ (Note 4)	v
		±12 (Note 5)	
Output current	IOH/IOL	±8 (Note 6)	mA
		±4 (Note 7)	
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40 to 85	°C
Input rise and fall time	dt/dv	0 to 10 (Note 8)	ns/V

Note 1: The operating ranges must be maintained to ensure the normal operation of the device. Unused inputs must be tied to either VCC or GND.

Note 2: Data retention only

- Note 3: OFF state
- Note 4: High or low state
- Note 5:  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to 3.6 V
- Note 6:  $V_{CC} = 2.3 \mbox{ to } 2.7 \mbox{ V}$
- Note 7:  $V_{CC} = 1.8 V$
- Note 8:  $V_{IN} = 0.8$  to 2.0 V,  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  V

6

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

#### DC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, 2.7 V < V<sub>CC</sub> $\leq$ 3.6 V)

Characteristics		Symbol	Test	Condition		Min	Мах	Unit							
Character	13003	Symbol			V <sub>CC</sub> (V)		IVIIII	IVIAA	Unit						
Input voltage	H-level	VIH		—	2.7 to 3.6	2.0		v							
input voltage	L-level	VIL		_	2.7 to 3.6		0.8	v							
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	2.7 to 3.6	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2	_								
	H-level	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	$I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$	2.7	2.2									
		_		I <sub>OH</sub> = -8 mA	3.0	2.4	_								
Output voltage				I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA	3.0	2.2	_	V							
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	2.7 to 3.6	_	0.2								
	L-level	Max	$V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	$V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA	2.7	_	0.4							
	L-level	V <sub>OL</sub>			VIN – VIH OL VIL	VIN - VIH OL VIL		VIN - VIH OI VIL				VIN – VIH OL VIL	I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA	3.0	_
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	3.0	_	0.8								
Input leakage curre	ent	I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		2.7 to 3.6	_	±5.0	μA							
3-state output OFF	- state current	I <sub>OZ</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$ $V_{OUT} = 0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$				±10.0	μA							
Power-off leakage	current	IOFF	$V_{IN}$ , $V_{OUT} = 0$ to 3.6 V		0		10.0	μA							
Ouissesstaurahu			V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		2.7 to 3.6	_	20.0								
Quiescent supply of	current	ICC	$V_{CC} \leq (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) \leq 3.6 V$		2.7 to 3.6		±20.0	μA							
Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> pe	r input	Δlcc	$V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.6 V$		2.7 to 3.6	_	750								

#### DC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, 2.3 V $\leq$ V<sub>CC</sub> $\leq$ 2.7 V)

Character	istics	Symbol	Test C	ondition	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Input voltage	H-level	VIH	-	_	2.3 to 2.7	1.6	_	V
Input voltage	L-level	VIL	-		2.3 to 2.7	_	0.7	v
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	2.3 to 2.7	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2	_	
	H-level	Vон	VIN = VIH or VIL	$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$	2.3	2.0	_	
				$I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$	2.3	1.8	_	
Output voltage				$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$	2.3	1.7	_	V
				$I_{OL} = 100 \ \mu A$	2.3 to 2.7	_	0.2	
	L-level	V <sub>OL</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	$I_{OL} = 6 \text{ mA}$	2.3	_	0.4	
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA	2.3	_	0.6	
Input leakage curre	ent	I <sub>IN</sub>	$V_{IN} = 0$ to 3.6 V		2.3 to 2.7	_	±5.0	μA
3-state output OFF	stato curront	107	$V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$		2.3 to 2.7	_	±10.0	μA
5-state output Of I	State Current	loz	$V_{OUT} = 0$ to 3.6 V		2.5 10 2.7		±10.0	μA
Power-off leakage	current	IOFF	$V_{IN}$ , $V_{OUT} = 0$ to 3.6 V		0		10.0	μA
Quiescent supply of		Icc	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND		2.3 to 2.7		20.0	μA
Quiescent supply (		iCC	$V_{CC} \leq (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) \leq 3.$	6 V	2.3 to 2.7		±20.0	μA

### DC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to $85^{\circ}$ C, 1.8 V $\leq$ V<sub>CC</sub> < 2.3 V)

Characteris	stics	Symbol	Test Co	ondition	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Input voltage	H-level	VIH	-	_	1.8 to 2.3	$0.7 \times V_{CC}$	_	V
mput voltage	L-level	V <sub>IL</sub>	_	_	1.8 to 2.3	_	$0.2 \times V_{CC}$	v
	H-level	V <sub>OH</sub>	VIN = VIH or VII	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	1.8	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2		
Output voltage				I <sub>OH</sub> = -4 mA	1.8	1.4		V
	L-level	Mai	VIN = VIH or VII	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	1.8	_	0.2	
	L-level	V <sub>OL</sub>	$A_{\rm IN} = A_{\rm IH} O_{\rm I} A_{\rm IL}$	I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA	1.8		0.3	
Input leakage currer	nt	I <sub>IN</sub>	$V_{IN} = 0$ to 3.6 V		1.8		±5.0	μA
3-state output OFF	state current	I <sub>OZ</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		1.8		±10.0	μA
Power-off leakage c	urrent	I <sub>OFF</sub>	$V_{IN}$ , $V_{OUT} = 0$ to 3.6 V		0	_	10.0	μA
Quiescent supply cu	urrent		$V_{IN} = V_{CC} \text{ or } GND$		1.8		20.0	μA
Quescent supply cu		Icc	$V_{CC} \leq (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) \leq 3.6$	6 V	1.8		±20.0	μA

### AC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, input: $t_r = t_f = 2.0$ ns, $C_L = 30$ pF, $R_L = 500$ $\Omega$ ) (Note 1)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Min	Max	Unit
			1.8	100		
Maximum clock frequency	f <sub>max</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	$2.5\pm0.2$	200		MHz
			$3.3\pm0.3$	250		
			1.8	1.5	9.8	
Propagation delay time	t <sub>pLH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	$2.5\pm0.2$	0.8	4.9	ns
(An, Bn-Bn, An)	t <sub>pHL</sub>		$\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$	0.6	3.8	
			1.8	1.5	9.8	
Propagation delay time	t <sub>pLH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	$\textbf{2.5}\pm\textbf{0.2}$	0.8	5.8	ns
(CAB, CBA-Bn, An)	t <sub>pHL</sub>		$\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$	0.6	4.1	
			1.8	1.5	9.8	
Propagation delay time	t <sub>pLH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	$2.5\pm0.2$	0.8	5.8	ns
(SAB, SBA-Bn, An)	t <sub>pHL</sub>		$\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$	0.6	4.4	
		<sup>t</sup> <sub>pZL</sub> Figure 1, Figure 4, Figure 5	1.8	1.5	9.8	
Output enable time ( OE , DIR-An, Bn)			$2.5\pm0.2$	0.8	5.9	ns
( OE , DIR-An, Bn)	<sup>t</sup> pZH		$\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$	0.6	4.3	
Outrast disable time			1.8	1.5	8.8	
Output disable time ( OE , DIR-An, Bn)	t <sub>pLZ</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 4, Figure 5	$2.5\pm0.2$	0.8	4.9	ns
( OE , DIR-AII, BII)	t <sub>pHZ</sub>		$\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$	0.6	4.3	
			1.8	4.0	_	
Minimum pulse width	t <sub>w (H)</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	$2.5\pm0.2$	1.5	_	ns
	<sup>t</sup> w (L)		$\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$	1.5		
			1.8	2.5	_	
Minimum setup time	ts	Figure 1, Figure 3	$2.5\pm0.2$	1.5		ns
			$\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$	1.5		
			1.8	1.0	—	
Minimum hold time	t <sub>h</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	$2.5\pm0.2$	1.0	—	ns
			$\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$	1.0	—	
	t <sub>osLH</sub>		1.8	_	0.5	
Output to output skew	<sup>t</sup> osLH	(Note 2)	$2.5\pm0.2$	_	0.5	ns
	SUL		$\textbf{3.3}\pm\textbf{0.3}$	—	0.5	

Note 1: For  $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ , add approximately 300 ps to the AC maximum specification.

Note 2: Parameter guaranteed by design.  $(t_{\text{OSLH}} = |t_{\text{pLHm}} - t_{\text{pLHn}}|, t_{\text{OSHL}} = |t_{\text{pHLm}} - t_{\text{pHLn}}|)$ 

#### **Dynamic Switching Characteristics**

(Ta = 25°C, input:  $t_r = t_f = 2.0$  ns,  $C_L = 30$  pF,  $R_L = 500 \Omega$ )

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition		V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Тур.	Unit
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 1.8 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V	(Note)	1.8	0.15	
Quiet output maximum dynamic V <sub>OI</sub>	V <sub>OLP</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.5 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V	(Note)	2.5	0.25	V
		$V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$	(Note)	3.3	0.35	
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 1.8 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V	(Note)	1.8	-0.15	
Quiet output minimum dynamic V <sub>OI</sub>	V <sub>OLV</sub>	$V_{IH} = 2.5 V, V_{IL} = 0 V$	(Note)	2.5	-0.25	V
, 02		$V_{IH} = 3.3 V, V_{IL} = 0 V$	(Note)	3.3	-0.35	
		$V_{IH} = 1.8 V, V_{IL} = 0 V$	(Note)	1.8	1.55	
Quiet output minimum dynamic V <sub>OH</sub>	VOHV	$V_{IH} = 2.5 V, V_{IL} = 0 V$	(Note)	2.5	2.05	V
		$V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$	(Note)	3.3	2.65	

Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.

#### **Capacitive Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)**

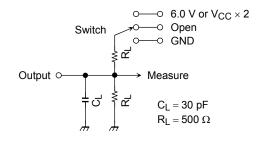
Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition			Тур.	Unit
Characteristics	Symbol			V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	тур.	Onit
Input capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>	(DIR, OE, CAB, CBA, SAB, SBA)		1.8, 2.5, 3.3	6	pF
Bus I/O capacitance	C <sub>I/O</sub>			1.8, 2.5, 3.3	7	pF
Power dissipation capacitance	C <sub>PD</sub>	$f_{IN} = 10 \text{ MHz}$	(Note)	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	20	pF

Note: C<sub>PD</sub> is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:

 $I_{CC (opr)} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}/16$  (per bit)

#### **AC Test Circuit**



Parameter	Switch				
t <sub>pLH</sub> , t <sub>pHL</sub>	Open				
t <sub>pLZ</sub> , t <sub>pZL</sub>					
t <sub>pHZ</sub> , t <sub>pZH</sub>	GND				



#### AC Waveform

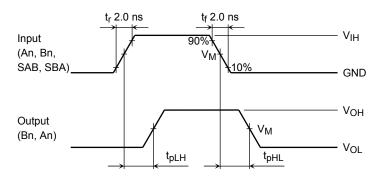


Figure 2 t<sub>pLH</sub>, t<sub>pHL</sub>

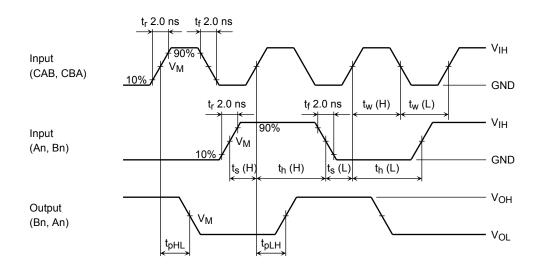
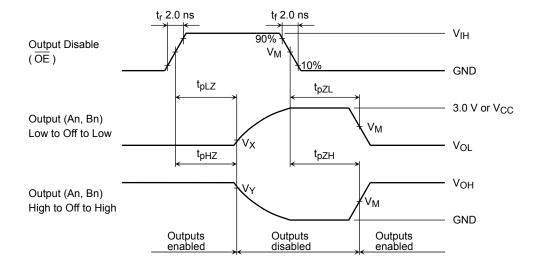
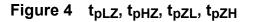
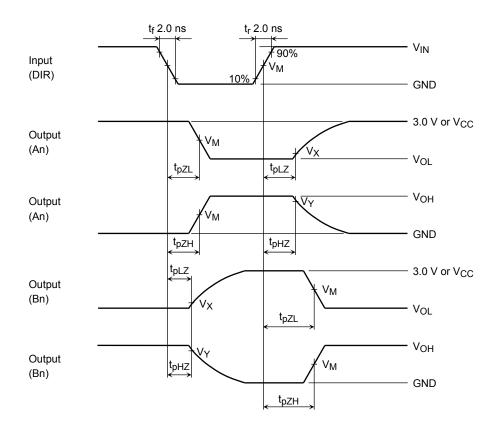
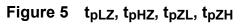


Figure 3  $t_{pLH}, t_{pHL}, t_w, t_s, t_h$ 



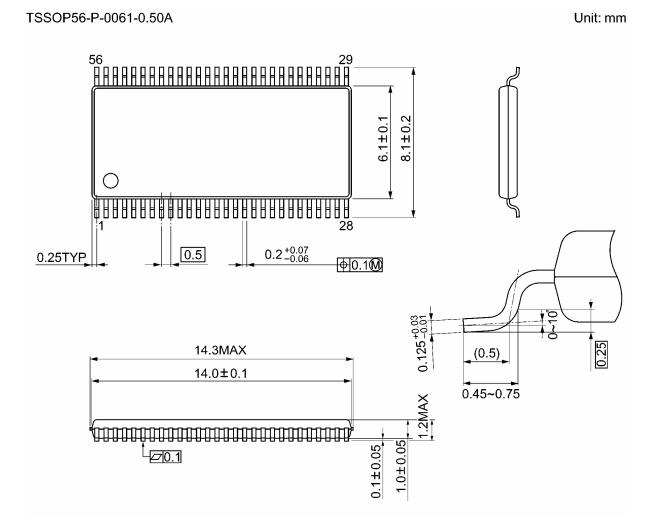






Symbol		V <sub>CC</sub>	
Cymbol	$3.3\pm0.3\;V$	$2.5\pm0.2~\text{V}$	1.8 V
VIH	2.7 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>
VM	1.5 V	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2
VX	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3 V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15 V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15 V
VY	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.3 V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.15 V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.15 V

#### Package Dimensions



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Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)
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#### **RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE**

20070701-EN GENERAL

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